

Recycling Matters

We carefully design our product packaging—inside and out—to maximize recyclability, and we want to make it easy for you to keep up the good work. Here are some basic guidelines to help identify, sort, and dispose of packaging materials. Recycling options differ by location, so be sure to check what recycling opportunities are available in your area.

Know the Four General Types of Intel Packaging Materials

Packaging is made up of four main categories of materials:

Plastic and foam



Paper, cardboard, and corrugated material



Bags: Plastic and paper



Desiccants



Know What to Do with Each Material Type

Plastic and Foam

You will want to identify the type of resin in the plastic or foam. First, look for the symbol. Then, notice the number inside the symbol and acronym beneath. The symbol itself may vary, but the number inside and acronym underneath will show you the resin type. You can only recycle some resin types. Check your local recycling guidelines to see what is collected in your area.



Reference the following for resin type:

- 1 [PET]=polyethylene terephthalate
- 2 [HDPE]=high-density polyethylene
- 3 [PVC]=polyvinyl chloride
- 4 [LDPE]=low-density polyethylene
- 5 [PP]=polypropylene
- 6 [PS]=polystyrene
- 7 [OTHER]=PETG, ABS, other resins, or combinations of 1-6

Paper, Cardboard, and Corrugated Material

You can recycle most paper, cardboard, and corrugated material. As a general rule, look for these symbols.

Remove anything glued to the paper, cardboard, or corrugated material. Then, flatten the material, and keep it dry in your collection bin.



Bags: Plastic and Paper

You can recycle most paper bags.

You cannot recycle most plastic bags. But, some businesses have an in-store drop-off for plastic bags. Check to see what may be available in your area.

Desiccants

Desiccants are granular materials placed in small bags. They are included in packaging to keep everything dry.

You cannot recycle desiccants. Just throw them away without opening the bag.